BOLYMIN

SPECIFICATIONS FOR LCD MODULE

MODEL NO.
BG240128AFNHHn81a$
VER.01

RoHS COMPLIANT

FOR MESSRS:

_____

ON DATE OF:

_____

APPROVED BY:

_____

History of Version

Version	Contents	Date	Note
01	NEW VERSION	2017/6/27	SPEC.

C O N T E N T S

1. Numbering System

B	G	240128	A	F	N	H	_	H	n81a$
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

0	Brand	Bolymin	
1	Module Type	C= character type G= graphic type P= TAB/TCP type	O= COG type F= COF type L=PLED/OLED
2	Format	2002=20 characters, 2 lines 12232= 122 x 32 dots	
3	Version No.	A type	
4	LCD Color	G=STN/gray Y=STN/yellow-green PLED/yellow-green C=color STN,OLED/RGB	B=STN/blue,OLED/blue F=FSTN T=TN
5	LCD Type	R=positive/reflective P=positive/transflective	M=positive/transmissive N=negative/transmissive
6	Backlight type/color	L=LED array/ yellow-green H=LED edge/white R=LED array/red G=LED edge/yellow-green F=RGB array I=RGB edge Q=LED edge/red N=No backlight	D=LED edge/blue E=EL/white B=EL/blue C=CCFL/white Y=LED Bottom/yellow O=LED array/orange K=LED edge/green A=LED edge/amber
7	CGRAM Font (applied only on character type)	J=English/Japanese Font E=English/European Font G=Chinese(simple) F=Chinese(traditional)	C=English/Cyrillic Font H=English/Hebrew Font A=English/Arabic Font
8	View Angle/ Operating Temperature	B=Bottom/Normal Temperature H=Bottom/Wide Temperature U=Bottom/Ultra wide Temperature	T=Top/Normal Temperature W=Top/Wide Temperature C=9H/Normal Temperature E=Top/ultra wide temperature
9	Special Code	3=3.3 volt logic power supply n=negative voltage for LCD c=cable/connector xxx=to be assigned on datasheet 81a= 4.5Mhz crystal AVANT IC	t=temperature compensation for LCD p=touch panel $=RoHS

2. Handling Precaution
2.1 Precaution in use of LCD Module
2.1.1. LCD panel is made of glass. Avoid excessive mechanical shock or applying strong pressure and/or sharp tools on the surface of display area.

2.1.2. The polarizer placed on the display surface is easily scratched and damaged. Extreme care should be taken when handling it. To clean dust or dirt off the display surface, wipe gently with cotton, or other soft material soaked with isopropyl alcohol, ethyl alcohol, do not use water, ketone or aromatics to clear display surface, and never scrub it hard.

2.1.3. Keep LCD panels away from direct sunlight. The storage environment should be dust-free, clean, dry, temperature is 25℃±10℃ and the humidity is below 55% RH.

2.1.4. Do not input any signal before power is turned on.

2.1.5. Avoid pressing on the metal bezel, otherwise the elastomer connector could be deformed and lose contact, resulting in missing pixels and also cause rainbow on the display.

2.1.6. It's important to control soldering temperature and time. RoHS compliant materials might need higher temperature and time, but try to keep temperature under 350℃ and time in 3-5 sec.

2.1.7. EL is manufactured from the organic film, and is easily affected by temperature, humidity and other environmental impact. Long time storage might cause low quality of the case. Therefore, please start production in 3 months after reception of the LCM. If in any case, long time storage over 3 months is necessary, please keep EL in vacuum package or at least in humidity < 35% RH, and temperature 25℃±10℃.
Note: 2.1.7. is applied to EL backlight only.

2.2 Static Electricity Precautions:
2.2.1. The LCD module contains a C-MOS LSI. People who operate the LCM should wear ESD protection equipment to prevent ESD hurt on products.

2.2.2. Do not touch any of the conductive parts such as the LSI pads; the copper leads on the PCB and the interface terminals with any parts of the human body.

2.2.3. Do not touch the connection terminals of the display with bare hand; it will cause disconnection or defective insulation of terminals.

2.2.4. The modules should be kept in anti-static bags or trays for storage.

2.2.5. Only properly grounded soldering irons should be used.

2.2.6. If an electric screwdriver is used, it should be grounded and shielded to prevent sparks.

2.2.7. The normal static prevention measures should be observed for work clothes and working benches.

2.2.8. Since dry air(almost low RH) is inductive to static, a humidity of 50-60% RH is recommended in assembly line.

2.3 Operation Precautions:
2.3.1. DC voltage applied on LCM causes electrochemical reactions, which will deteriorate the display over time. The applied pulse waveform should be a symmetric waveform such that no DC component remains. Be sure to use the specified operating voltage.

2.3.2. LCD driving voltage should be kept within specified range; excess voltage will shorten display life, while less voltage may not turn on LCM.

2.3.3. LCM response time will be extremely delayed in low operating temperature(such as -20 ℃) than in room operating temperature. Therefore, higher LCD driving voltage is required in low operating temperature; On the other hand, in high operating temperature (such as +70℃) LCD shows dark background color, therefore lower LCD driving voltage is required. Be sure to use the specified LCD driving voltage in different operating temperature.

2.4 Safety:

2.4.1 If the LCD panel breaks, be careful not to get the liquid crystal to touch your skin.
If the liquid crystal touches your skin or clothes, please wash it off immediately by using soap and water.

2.5 WARRANTY POLICY

Bolymin .Will provide one-year warranty for the products only if under specification operating conditions.
If there are functional defects found during the period of warranty, the defective products would be replaced on a one-to-one basis.
Bolymin would not be responsible for any direct/indirect liabilities consequential to any parties.

2.6 MTBF

2.6.1 .By specific test condition, MTBF based on 30℃ normal operation temperature is 50,000hours.

2.6.2 Test Condition:

2.6.2.1 Supply Voltage for LCM: Typical Vdd

2.6.2.2 CC (Constant Current) mode and typical current is applied for LED.

2.6.2.3 Run-Patterns: by Bolymin's test program that has defined patterns and cyclic period.

2.6.2.4 Humidity: 60%RH

2.6.3 Test Criteria:

Attenuation of average brightness: $\leqq$ 50%

Increasing of current consumption for LCM/Backlight: $\leqq$ 20%

Display function at room temperature: Normal

Appearance: Normal

3.General Specification

(1) Mechanical Dimension

Item	Dimension	Unit
Number of Dots	240 x 128	dots
Module dimension (L x W x H)	170.0 x 93.0 x14.0(MAX)-LED B/L	mm
View area	128.0 x 75.0	mm
Active area	119.97 x 63.97	mm
Dot size	0.47x 0.47	mm
Dot pitch	0.5 x 0.5	mm

(2) Controller IC: SAP1024 controller

4.Absolute Maximum Rating

4.1 Electrical Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Vss=0V, Ta=25℃)

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input Voltage	V_I	Vss	-	Vdd	V
Supply Voltage For Logic	Vdd-Vss	-0.3	-	+7	V
Supply Voltage For LCD	Vdd-Vo	-	-	28.0	V
Negative Voltage Output	Vee	-	-	-21	V

4.2 Environmental Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
Operating Temperature	TOP	-20	70	℃	(1)
Storage Temperature	TST	-30	80	℃	(1)

Note (1)

    (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta <= 40 ℃).

    (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 ℃ Max. (Ta > 40 ℃).

    (c) No condensation.

Relative Humidity (%RH)
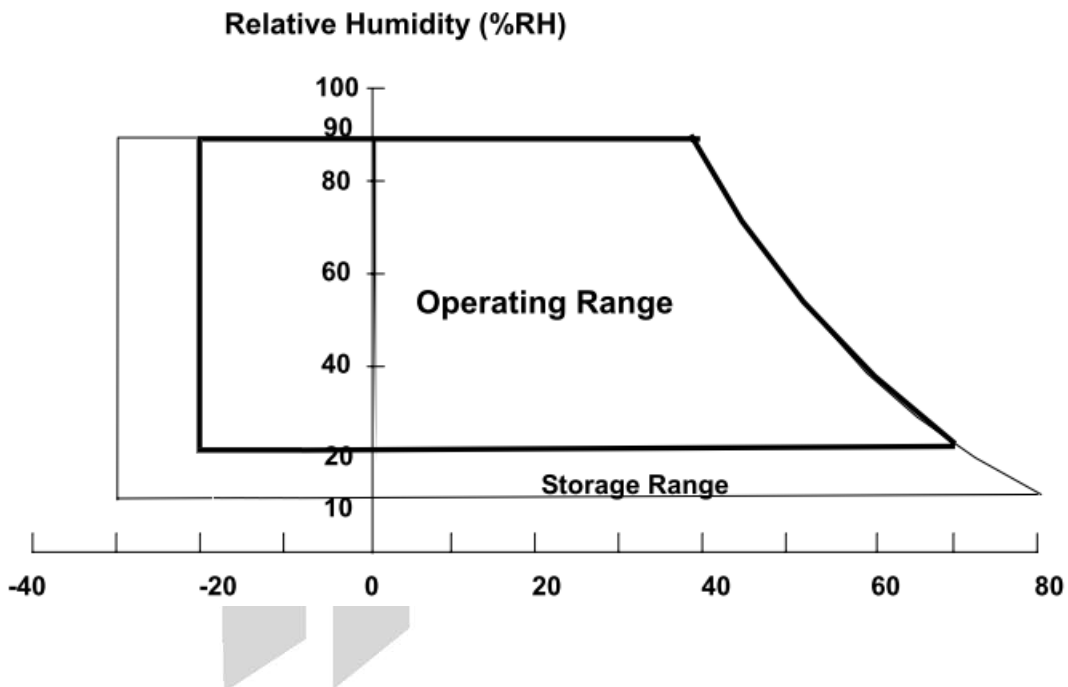
5.Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage For Logic	Vdd-Vss	—	4.75	—	5.25	V
Supply Voltage For LCD	Vdd-Vo	Ta=25℃	18.3	18.6	18.9	V
Input High Volt.	VIH	—	2.2	—	Vdd	V
Input Low Volt.	VIL	—	0	—	0.8	V
Output High Volt.	VOH	—	2.4	—	Vdd	V
Output Low Volt.	VOL	—	0	—	0.4	V
Supply Current	Idd	Vdd=5V	—	50	—	mA
LCM Surface Luminance Ta=25℃	L	I_{LED}=240mA Display all ON	100	150	—	cd/m²

※Optimum LCD driving voltage value, referring to above mentioned range, is changed due to different batch of LCD glass.

6.Optical Characteristics

a. FSTN

(Ta=25℃)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
View Angle (CR>=2)	θ_F	-	36	-	deg
	θ_B	-	38	-	deg
	φ_L	-	40	-	deg
	φ_R	-	45	-	deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	-	5	-	-
Response Time 25℃	T rise	-	200	400	ms
	T fall	-	250	400	ms

Brightness(%)

B2

B1

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Brightness In Non - Select Signal}}{\text{Brightness In Select Signal}}$$

B1: Brightness In Select Signal
B2: Brightness In Non-Select Signal

VOP

Driving Voltage(V)

Positive Type

Brightness(%)

B1

B2

VOP

Driving Voltage(V)

Negative Type

BOLYMIN

Select Signal

Non-Select Signal

Brightness(%)

10%

100% 90%

100%

Tr

Tf

Rise Time

Fall Time

Time(ms)
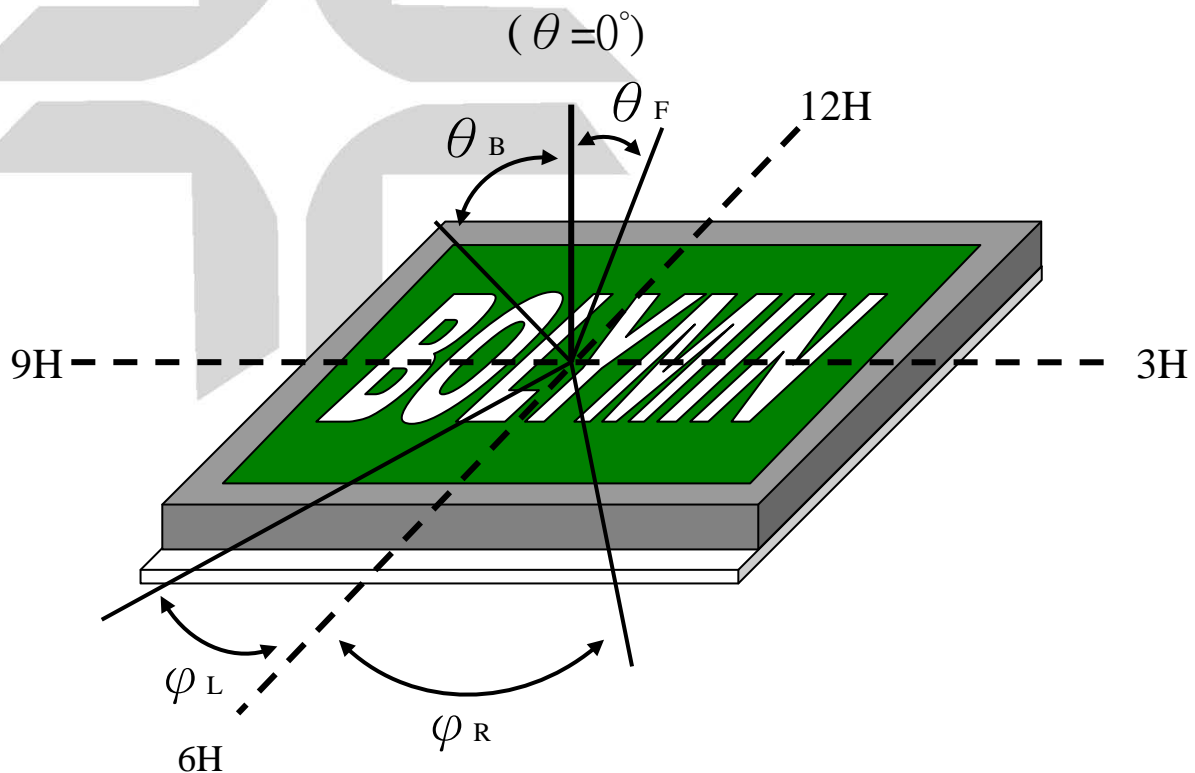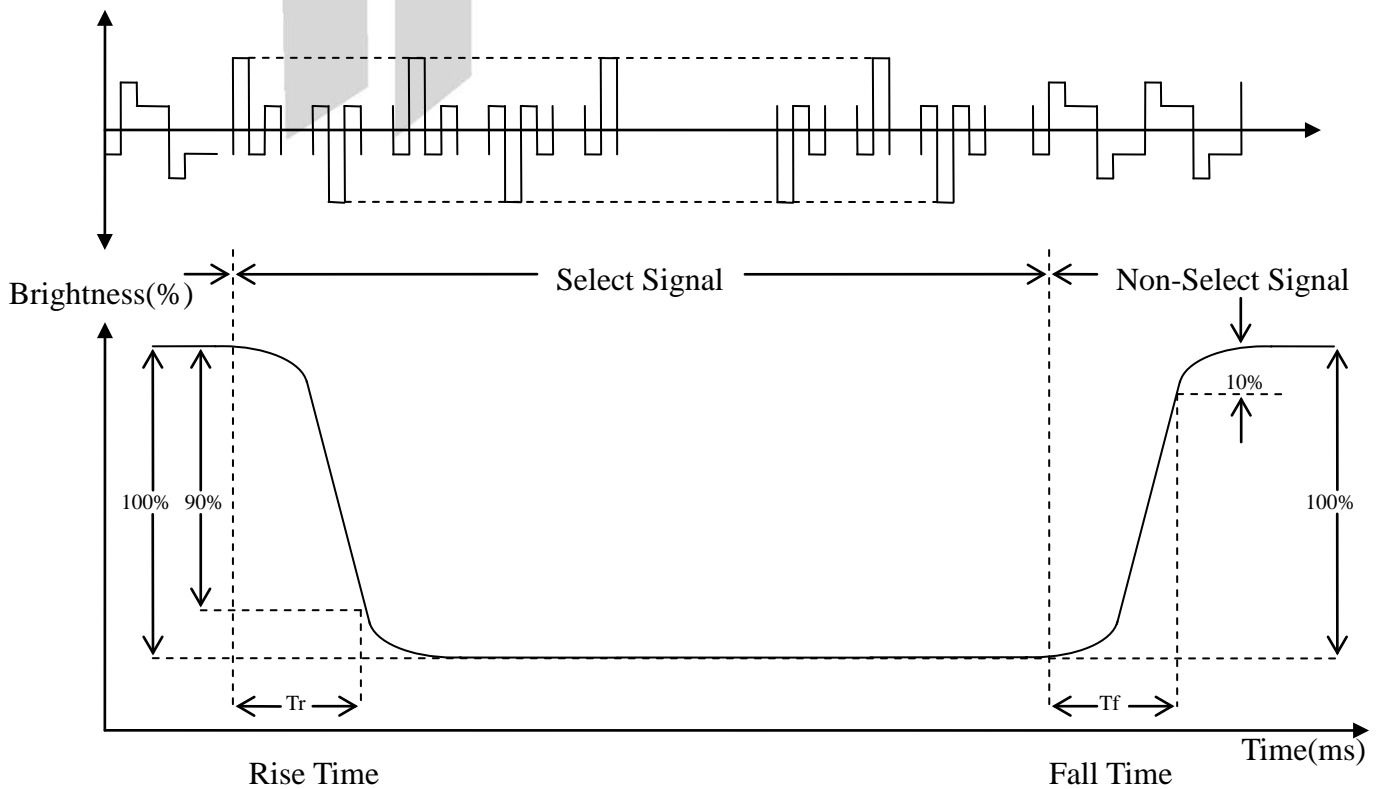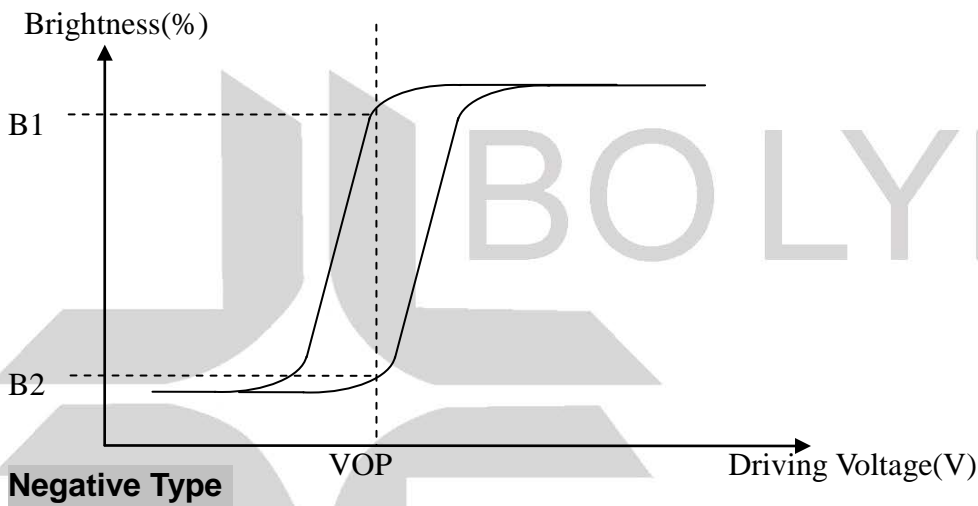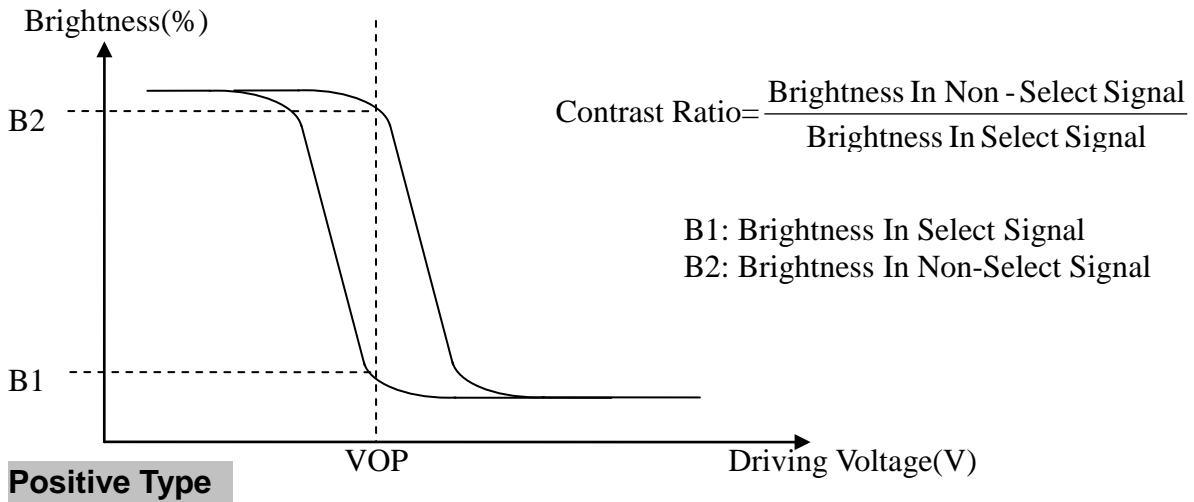
7.Interface Pin Function

Pin No.	Symbol	Level	Description
1	FGND	-	Frame GND
2	Vss	-	Power supply (GND)
3	Vdd	-	Power supply (+5 V)
4	Vo	-	Contrast adjustment
5	/WR	L	Data write. Write data into SAP1024 when WR = L
6	/RD	L	Data read. Read data from SAP1024 when RD = L
7	/CE	L	L : Chip enable
8	C/D	H / L	WR=L , C/D=H : Command Write C/D=L: Data write RD=L , C/D=H : Status Read C/D=L: Data read
9	**Vee**	-	Negative voltage output **–16.0V**
10	/RESET	H / L	H : Normal ; L : Initialize SAP1024B
11	DB0	H / L	Data bus line
12	DB1	H / L	Data bus line
13	DB2	H / L	Data bus line
14	DB3	H / L	Data bus line
15	DB4	H / L	Data bus line
16	DB5	H / L	Data bus line
17	DB6	H / L	Data bus line
18	DB7	H / L	Data bus line
19	FS	MD2	Pins for selection of font; H : 6 x 8 , L : 8 x 8
20	RV	H / L	H:Reverse L:Normal

8.Power supply for LCD Module and LCD operating voltage adjustment

LCM operating on " DC 5V " input with built-in negative voltage
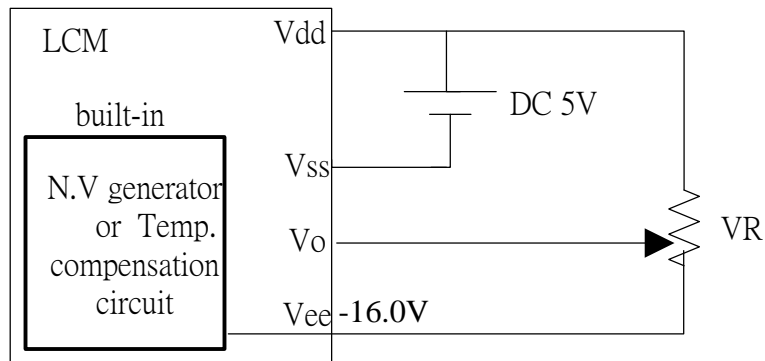
9.Backlight information

9.1 Specification

(1))LED edge/white

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Supply Current	ILED	―	240	―	mA	V=3.5V
Supply Voltage	V	3.2	3.5	3.8	V	ILED=240mA
Reverse Voltage	VR	―	―	5	V	―
CIE Chromaticity Diagram	X	0.30	―	0.34	nm	ILED=240mA
	Y	0.28	―	0.33		
Color	White					

9.2 Backlight driving methods

a. LED B/L driven from A.K pin directly

LED edge/white

LCM
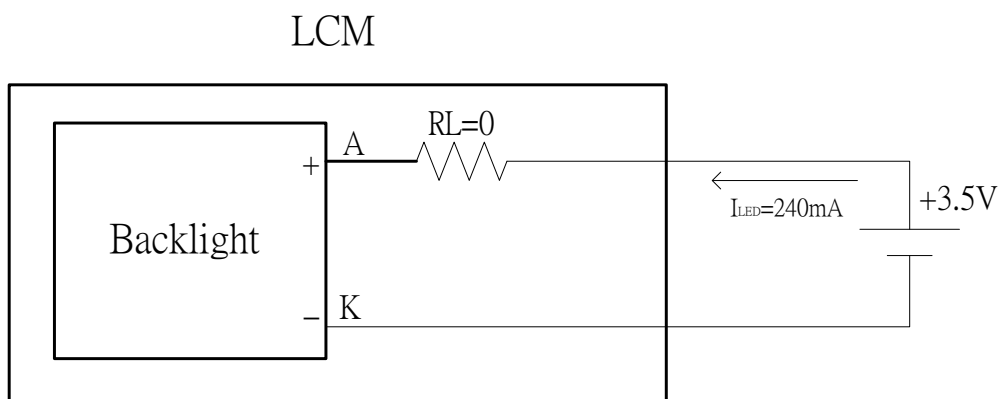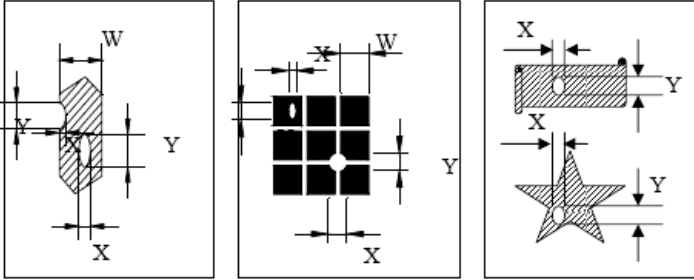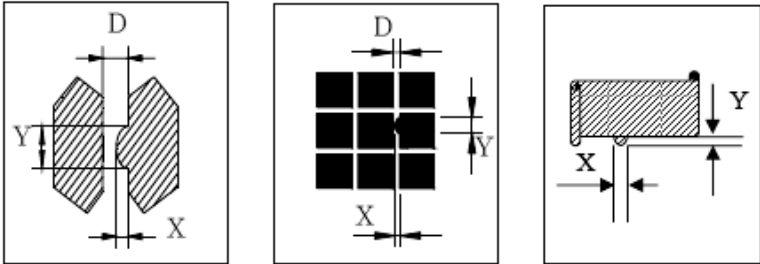
10. Quality Assurance

10.1 Inspection conditions

1. The LCD shall be inspected under 20~40W white fluorescent light.

2. Checking Direction shall be in the 40 degree from perpendicular line of specimen surface.

3. Checker shall see over 30 cm.

4. Inspect about 5 seconds for each side.

5. Defect that is located at outside of VA and doesn't affect function is ignored.

10.2 Inspection Parameters
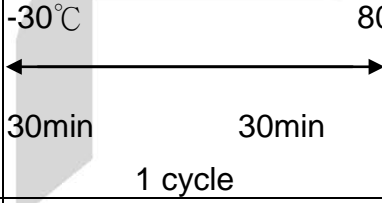
NO.	Parameter	Criteria			

NO.	Parameter	Dimension \ Zone	Acceptable Number	Class Of Defects	Acceptable Level
1	Black or White spots (Particle)	$D \leq 0.10$	Disregard		
		$0.10 < D \leq 0.2$	4		
		$0.2 < D \leq 0.3$	2	Minor	2.5
		$0.3 < D$	0		

D=(Long + Short)/2
Total defects should not exceed 5/module
Defect that is located at outside of AA and doesn't affect function is ignored.

	Zone		Acceptable Number	Class Of Defects	Acceptable Level
	X(mm)	Y(mm)			
2	—	$0.05 \geq W$	Disregard		
	$4.0 \geq L$	$0.05 \geq W$	4		
Scratch, Substances	$3.0 \geq L$	$0.1 \geq W$	2	Minor	2.5
	—	$0.1 < W$	0		

X: Length   Y: Width
Total defects should not exceed 5/module
Defect that is located at outside of AA and doesn't affect function is ignored.

		Zone Dimension	Acceptable Number	Class Of Defects	Acceptable Level
3	Air Bubbles (between glass & polarizer)	D≦0.2	Disregard	Minor	2.5
		0.2＜D≦0.5	3		
		0.5＜D	0		

Total defects shall not excess 3/module.
Defect that is located at outside of AA and doesn't affect function is ignored.
Bobble is sawn only under reflection light is disregarded.

4	Displaying Pattern				

1. Incomplete or broken line is not allowed.
2. Pinholes

Dimension Φ(mm)	Criteria	Class Of Defects	Acceptable Level
Φ＜0.1	Disregard	Minor	2.5
0.1＜Φ≦0.2	2		
0.2＜Φ≦0.25	1		
0.25＜Φ	0		

Ø＝(X+Y)/2

3. Deformation

Dimension Φ(mm)	Criteria	Class Of Defects	Acceptable Level
Φ＜0.15	Disregard	Minor	2.5
Φ≦0.25 and X≦1/2D	3		
Φ＞0.25and X＞1/2D	0		

D：間距   Ø＝(X+Y)/2

Other Inspection standard reference Bolymin standard.

11.Reliability

■Content of Reliability Test

Environmental Test				
No	Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Applicable Standard
1	High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	80℃ 96 hrs	――
2	Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	-30℃ 96 hrs	――
3	High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	70℃ 96 hrs	――
4	Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-20℃ 96 hrs	――
5	Humidity Test	Endurance test applying the high humidity storage for a long time.	40℃,90%RH 96hrs	――
6	Temperature cycle (Non-operation)	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle. -30℃ 80℃ ←――――――――――→ 30min 30min 1 cycle	-30℃/80℃ 10 cycles	――
7	Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	Total Fixed Amplitude:1.5mm Vibration Frequency :10~55Hz One cycle 60 seconds to 3 direction of X,Y,Z for each 15minutes	――

※Assess after placing at normal temperature and humidity for 4 hour。No abnormalities in functions and appearance。

12.Appendix (Drawing, SAP1024 controller data)

12.1 Drawing

PIN NO.	SYMBOL
1	FGND
2	Vss
3	Vdd
4	Vo
5	WR
6	RD
7	CE
8	C/D
9	Vee
10	RESET
11	DB0
12	DB1
13	DB2
14	DB3
15	DB4
16	DB5
17	DB6
18	DB7
19	FS
20	RV

寶麗明股份有限公司
BOLYMIN,INC.
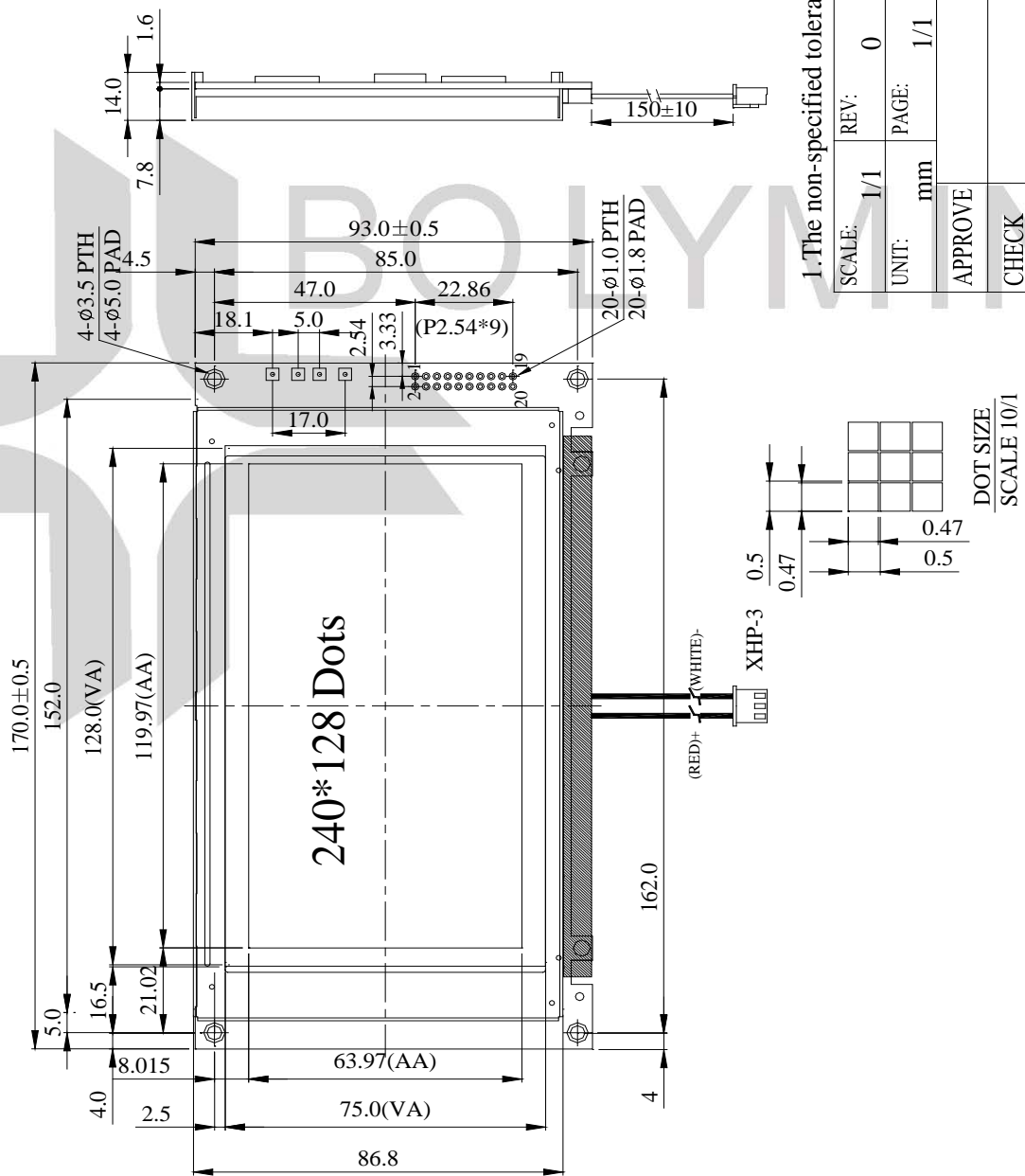
1.The non-specified tolerance of dimension is ±0.3 mm .

MODEL	BG240128A
TITLE	LCM DRAWING
DWG NO.	

SCALE:	1/1	REV:	0
UNIT:	mm	PAGE:	1/1
APPROVE			
CHECK			
DRAW	Steven 2012.01.31		

240*128 Dots

DOT SIZE
SCALE 10/1

0.47
0.5
0.5
0.47

XHP-3
(WHITE)-
(RED)+

150±10

1.6
14.0
7.8

93.0±0.5
85.0
47.0
22.86
18.1
5.0
2.54
3.33
(P2.54*9)
17.0

4-∅3.5 PTH
4-∅5.0 PAD
4.5

20-∅1.0 PTH
20-∅1.8 PAD

170.0±0.5
152.0
128.0(VA)
119.97(AA)

5.0
16.5
21.02
8.015
4.0
2.5

63.97(AA)
75.0(VA)
86.8

162.0
4

12.2 SAP1024 controller data

12.2.1 Display control instruction

The LCD Module has built in a SAP1024 LSI controller, It has an 8-bit parallel data bus and control lines for writing or reading through an MPU interface, it has a 128-word character generator ROM (refer to Table 1.), which can control an external display RAM of up to 8K bytes. Allocation of text, graphics and external character generator RAM can be made easily and the display window can be moved freely within the allocated memory range.

• **RAM Interface**

The external RAM is used to store display data(text, graphic and external CG data). It can be freely allocated to the memory area(8 Kbyte max).

Recommend

・Flowchart of communications with MPU

0000H	
	TEXT AREA
0C00H	
	GRAPHIC AREA
1800H	CG RAM AREA
2000H	
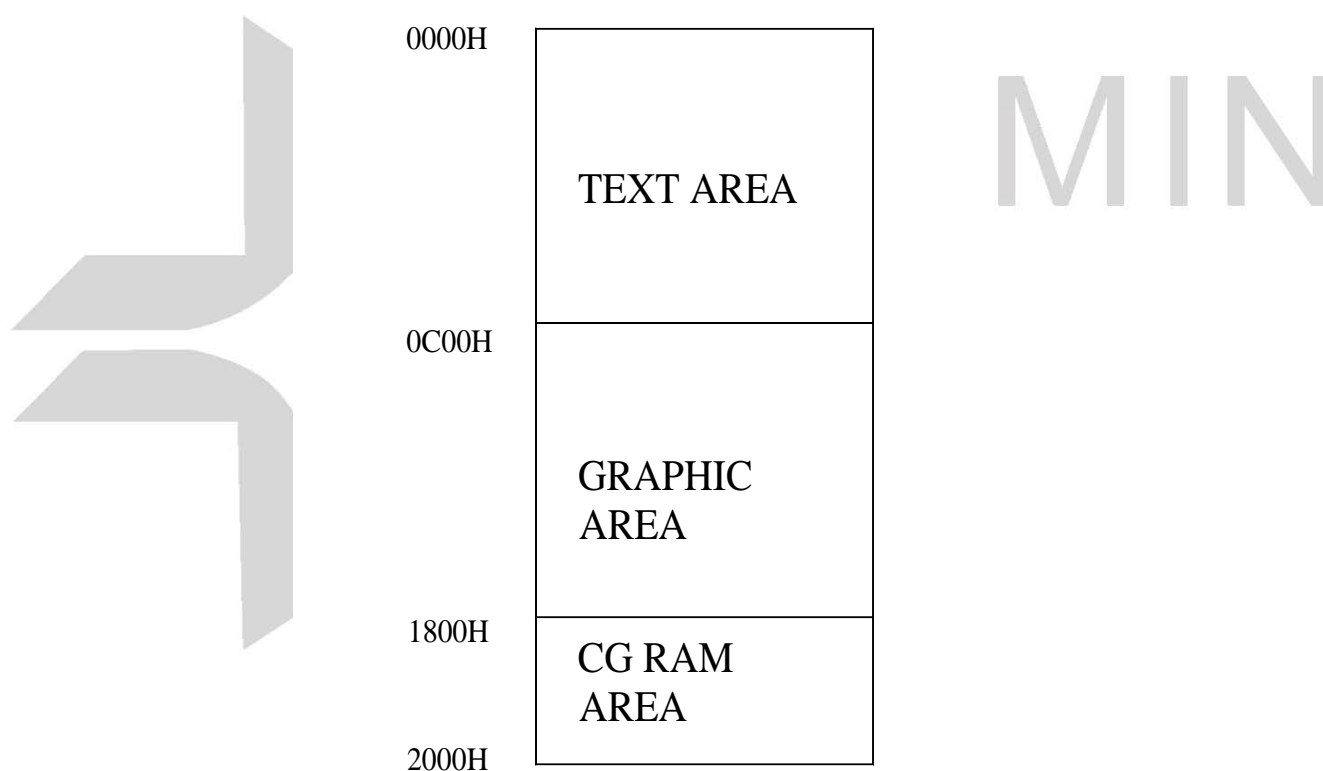
(1)Status Read

A status check must be performed before data is read or written.

Status check

The Status of SAP1024 can be read from the data lines.

$\overline{RD}$	L
$\overline{WR}$	H
$\overline{CE}$	L
C/D	H
Do to D7	H

The SAP1024 status word format is as follows:

MSB   LSB

STA7	STA6	STA5	STA4	STA3	STA2	STA1	STA0
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0

STA0	Check command execution capability	0:Disable 1:Enable
STA1	Check data read/write Capability	0:Disable 1:Enable
STA2	Check Auto mode data read capability	0:Disable 1:Enable
STA3	Check Auto mode data write capability	0:Disable 1:Enable
STA4	Not used	
STA5	Check controller operation capability	0:Disable 1:Enable
STA6	Error flag. Used for Screen Peek and Screen copy commands.	0:No error 1:Error
STA7	Check the blink condition	0:Disable off 1:Normal display

(Note 1) It is necessary to check STA0 and STA1 at the same time.

        There is a possibility of erroneous operation due to a hardware interrupt.

(Note 2) For most modes STA0/STA1 are used as a status check.

(Note 3) STA2 and STA3 are valid in Auto mode; STA0 and STA1 are invalid.

Status Checking flow

(a)   (b)

```
    ┌─────────────┐              ┌───────────────────┐
    │   STATUS    │              │ AUTO MODE STATUS  │
    └──────┬──────┘              └─────────┬─────────┘
           │◄────┐                         │◄────┐
        ╱──┴──╲  │                      ╱──┴──╲  │
      ╱ STA0=1  ╲│ NO                 ╱  (*1)  ╲ │ NO      (*1)
      ╲ STA1=1  ╱                     ╲        ╱           STA2=1 (Read)
        ╲──┬──╱                         ╲──┬──╱                  or
           │ YES                           │ YES            STA3=1 (Write)
    ┌──────┴──────┐              ┌─────────┴─────────┐
    │   RETURN    │              │      RETURN       │
    └─────────────┘              └───────────────────┘
```
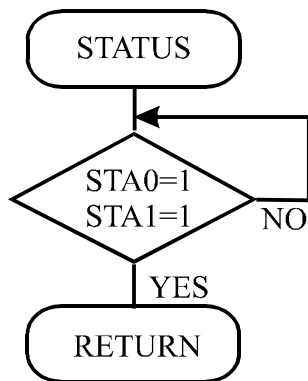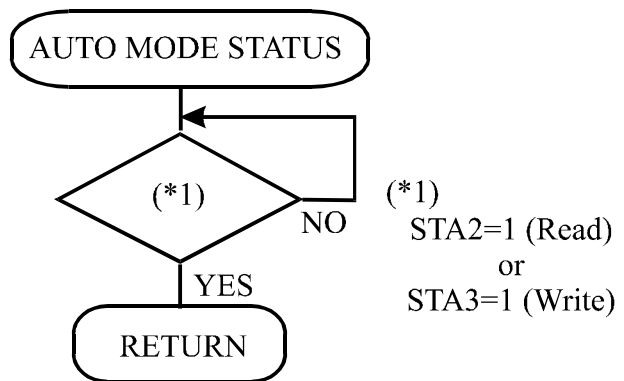
(Note 4) When using the MSB=0 command, a Status Read must be performed.

If a status check is not carried out, the SAP1024 cannot operate normally, even after a

delay time.

The hardware interrupt occurs during the address calculation period (at the end of each

line).

If a MSB=0 command is sent to the SAP1024 during this period, the SAP1024 enters Wait

status.

If a status check is not carried out in this state before the next command is sent, there is the

possibility that the command or data date will not be received.

(2)Setting date

When using the SAP1024, first set the data, then set the command.

Procedure for sending a command

(a)The case of 1 date   (b)The case of 2 data

```
      ┌─────────────────┐                     ┌─────────────────┐
      │  send command   │                     │  send command   │
      └────────┬────────┘                     └────────┬────────┘
      ┌────────┴────────┐                     ┌────────┴────────┐
      ║│ Status check   │║  STA0, 1           ║│ Status check   │║  STA0, 1
      ╚└────────┬───────┘╝                     ╚└────────┬───────┘╝
      ┌─────────┴───────┐                     ┌─────────┴───────┐
      │   Data write    │                     │   Data write    │
      └─────────┬───────┘                     └─────────┬───────┘
      ┌─────────┴───────┐                     ┌─────────┴───────┐
      ║│ Status check   │║                     ║│ Status check   │║
      ╚└─────────┬──────┘╝                     ╚└─────────┬──────┘╝
      ┌──────────┴──────┐                     ┌──────────┴──────┐
      │ Command write   │                     │   Date write    │
      └──────────┬──────┘                     └──────────┬──────┘
      ┌──────────┴──────┐                     ┌──────────┴──────┐
      │      END        │                     │  Status check   │
      └─────────────────┘                     └──────────┬──────┘
                                              ┌──────────┴──────┐
                                              │ Command write   │
                                              └──────────┬──────┘
                                              ┌──────────┴──────┐
                                              │      END        │
                                              └─────────────────┘
```
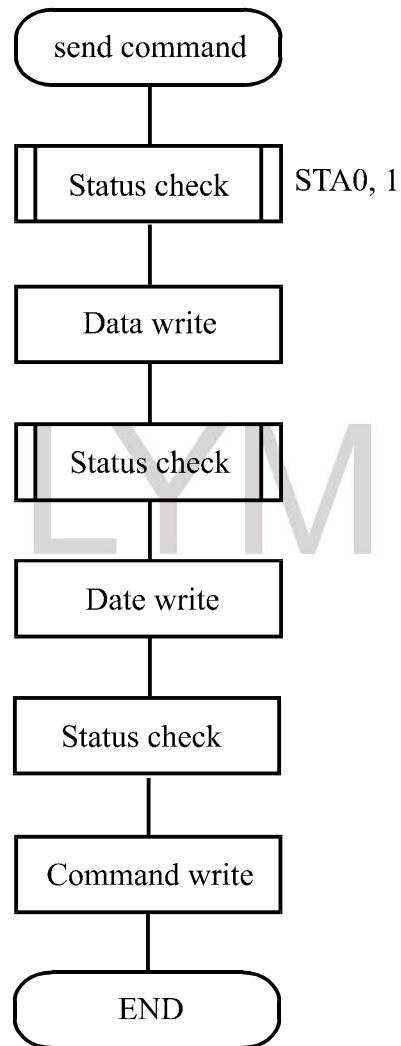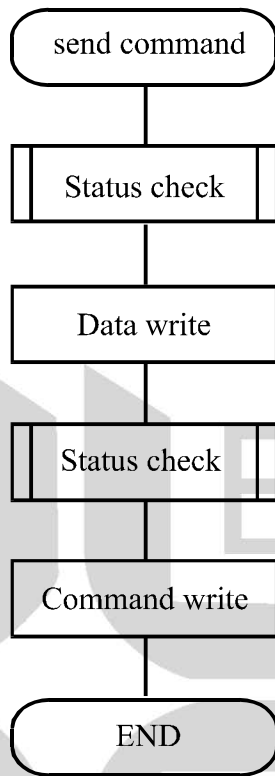
(Note)   When sending more than two data, the last datum (or last two data)is valid.

12.2.2 Command definitions

COMMAND	CODE	D1	D2	FUNCTION
REGISTERS SETTING	00100001 00100010 00100100	X address Date Low address	Y address 00H High address	Set Cursor Pointer Set Offset Register Set Address Pointer
SET CONTROL WORD	01000000 01000001 01000010 01000011	Low address Columns Low address Columns	High address 00H High address 00H	Set Text Home Address Set Text Area Set Graphic Home Address Set Graphic Area
MODE SET	1000x000 1000x001 1000x011 1000x100 10000xxx 10001xxx	− − − − − −	− − − − − −	OR mode EXOR mode AND mode Text Attribute mode Internal CG ROM mode External CG RAM mode
DISPLAY MODE	10010000 1001xx10 10001xx11 100101xx 100110xx 100111xx	− − − − − −	− − − − − −	Display off Cursor on, blink off Cursor on, blink on Text on, graphic off Text off, graphic on Text on, graphic on
CURSOR PATTERN SELECT	10100000 10100001 10100010 10100011 10100100 10100101 10100110 10100111	− − − − − − − −	− − − − − − − −	1-line cursor 2-line cursor 3-line cursor 4-line cursor 5-line cursor 6-line cursor 7-line cursor 8-line cursor
DATA AUTO READ/WRITE	10110000 10110001 10110010	− − −	− − −	Set Data Auto Write Set Data Auto Read Auto Reset
DATA READ/WRITE	11000000 11000001 11000010 11000011 11000100 11000101	Data − Data − Data −	− − − − − −	Data Write and Increment ADP Data Read and Increment ADP Data Write and Decrement ADP Data Read and Decrement ADP Data Write and Nonvariable ADP Data Read and Nonvariable ADP
SCREEN PEEK	11100000	−	−	Screen Peek

X : invalid

COMMAND	CODE	D1	D2	FUNCTION
SCREEN COPY	11101000			Screen Copy
BIT SET/RESET	11110xxx	—	—	Bit Reset
	11111xxx	—	—	Bit Set
	1111x000	—	—	Bit 0 (LSB)
	11111x001	—	—	Bit 1
	11111x010	—	—	Bit 2
	11111x011	—	—	Bit 3
	11111x100	—	—	Bit 4
	11111x101	—	—	Bit 5
	11111x110	—	—	Bit 6
	11111x111	—	—	Bit 7 (MSB)

X : invalid

・Setting registers

CODE	HEX.	FUNCTION	D1	D2
00100001	21H	SET CURSOR POINTER	X ADRS	Y ADRS
00100010	22H	SET OFFSET REGISTER	DATA	00H
00100100	24H	SET ADDRESS POINTER	LOW ADRS	HIGH ADRS

(1)Set Cursor Pointer

The position of the cursor is specified by X ADRS and Y ADRS. The cursor position can only be

moved by this command. Data read/write from the MPU never changes the cursor pointer. X ADRS

and Y ADRS are specified as follows.

X ADRS　　00H to 4FH (lower 7 bits are valid)

Y ADRS　　00H to 1FH (lower 5 bits are valid)

Single-Scan

X ADRS 00 to 4FH

Y ADRS 00H to 0FH

(2)Set Offset Register

The offset register is used to determine the external character generator RAM area.

The SAP1024 has a 16-bit address bus as follows.

MSB   LSB

ad15	ad14	ad13	ad12	ad11	ad10	ad9	ad8	ad7	ad6	ad5	ad4	ad3	ad2	ad1	ad0

Offset Register Data   Character Code   Line Scan
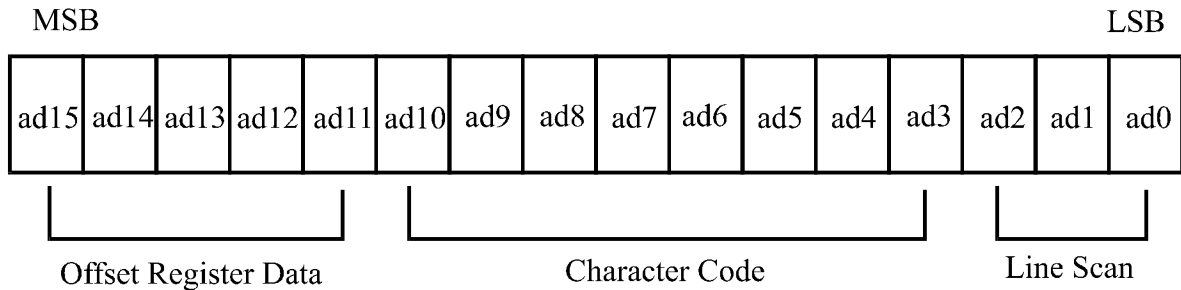
SAP1024 assign External character generator, when character code set 80H TO FFH in using internal character generator. Character code 00H to 80H assign External character generator, when External generator mode.

The senior five bits define the start address in external memory of the CG RAM area. The next eight bits represent the character code of the character. In internal CG ROM, character codes 00H to 7FH represent the predefined "internal" CG ROM characters, and codes 80H to FFH represent the user's own "external" characters. In external CG ROM mode, all 256 codes from 00H to FFH can be used to represent the user's own characters. The three least significant bits indicate one of the eight rows of eight dots that define the character's shape.

The relationship between display RAM address and offset register

Offset register data	CG RAM hex. address (start to end)
00000	0000 to 07 FFH
00001	0800 to 0FFFH
00010	1000 to 17FFH
11100	E000 to E7FFH
11101	E800 to EFFFH
11110	F000 to F7FFH
11111	F800 to FFFFH

(Example 1)

Offset register	02H
Character code	80H
Character generator RAM start address	0001 0100 0000 0000
	1 4 0 0 H

(address)	(data)
1400H	00H
1401H	1FH
1402H	04H
1403H	04H
1404H	04H
1405H	04H
1406H	04H
1407H	00H

(Example 2) The relationship between display RAM data and display characters

γ and ζ are displayed by character generator RAM.

(3)Set Address Pointer

The Set Address Pointer command is used to indicate the start address for writing to (or reading from)external RAM.

The Flowchart for Set Address Pointer command

```
        ╭─────────────────────╮
        │ Set Address Pointer │
        ╰─────────────────────╯
                   │
        ┌──┬───────────────┬──┐
        │  │  Status check │  │   STA0, 1
        └──┴───────────────┴──┘
                   │
        ┌─────────────────────┐
        │   Set Address data  │
        │    (lower 8 bits)   │
        └─────────────────────┘
                   │
        ┌──┬───────────────┬──┐
        │  │  Status check │  │
        └──┴───────────────┴──┘
                   │
        ┌─────────────────────┐
        │   Set Address data  │
        │    (lower 8 bits)   │
        └─────────────────────┘
                   │
        ┌─────────────────────┐
        │    Status check     │
        └─────────────────────┘
                   │
        ┌─────────────────────┐
        │ Send command 24H    │   Send Set Address Pointer command
        └─────────────────────┘
                   │
        ╭─────────────────────╮
        │        END          │
        ╰─────────────────────╯
```
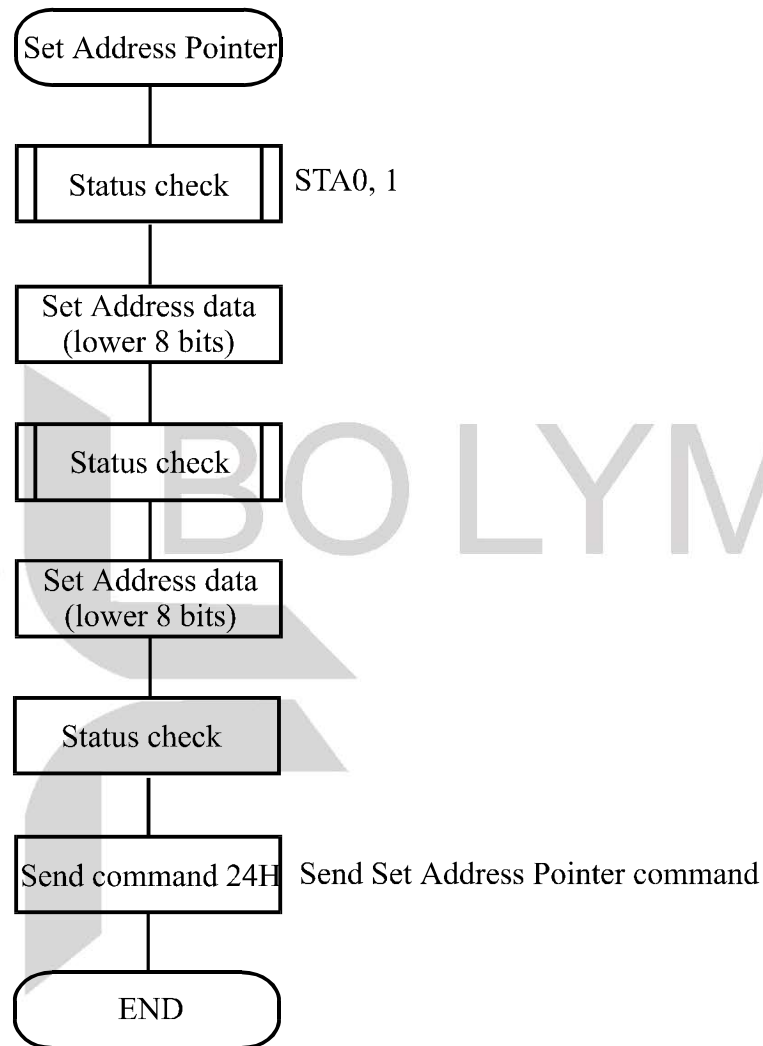
· Set Control Word

CODE	HEX.	FUNCTION	D1	D2
01000000	40H	Set Text Home Address	Low address	High address
01000001	41H	Set Text Area	Columns	00H
01000010	42H	Set Graphic Home Address	Low address	High address
01000011	43H	Set Graphic Area	Columns	00H

The home address and column size are defined by this command.

(1)Set Text Home Address

The starting address in the external display RAM for text display is defined by this command.

The text home address indicates the leftmost and uppermost position.

The relationship between external display RAM address and display position

TH	-	TH+CL
TH+TA	-	TH+TA+CL
(TH+TA)+TA	-	TH+2TA+CL
(TH+2TA)+TA	-	TH+3TA+CL
-	-	-
TH+(n-1)TA	-	TH+(n-1)TA+CL

TH:Text home address

TA:Text area number (columns)

CL:Columns are fixed by hardware (pin-programmable).

(Example)

  Text home address　　　　　　　　　：0000H

  Text area　　　　　　　　　　　　　：0020H

　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　：32 Columns

　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　：4 Lines

0000H	0001H	-	001EH	001FH
0020H	0021H	-	003EH	002FH
0040H	0041H	-	005EH	005FH
0060H	0061H	-	007EH	007FH

(2)Set Graphic Home Address

The starting address of the external display RAM used for graphic display is defined by this

command. The graphic home address indicates the leftmost and uppermost position.

The relationship between external display RAM address and display position

GH	-	GH+GL
GH+GA	-	GH+GA+CL
(GH+GA)+GA	-	GH+2GA+CL
(GH+2GA)+GA	-	GH+3GA+CL
-	-	-
GH+(n-1)GA	-	GH+(n-1)GA+CL

GH:Graphic home address

GA:Graphic area number (columns)

CL:Columns are fixed by hardware (pin-programmable).

(Example)

Graphic home address　　　　　　　　：0000H

Graphic area　　　　　　　　　　　　：0020H

　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　：32 Columns

　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　：2 Lines

0000H	0001H	-	001EH	001FH
0020H	0021H	-	003EH	003FH
0040H	0041H	-	005EH	005FH
0060H	0061H	-	007EH	007FH
0080H	0081H	-	009EH	009FH
00A0H	00A1H	-	00BEH	00BFH
00C0H	00C1H	-	00DEH	00DFH
00E0H	00E1H		00FEH	00FFH
0100H	0101H	-	011EH	011FH
0120H	0121H		013EH	013FH
0140H	0141H	-	015EH	014FH
0160H	0161H	-	017EH	017FH
0180H	0181H	-	109EH	019FH
01A0H	01A1H	-	01BEH	01BFH
01C0H	01C1H	-	01DEH	01DFH
01E0H	01E1H	-	01FEH	01FFH

(3)Set Text Area

The display columns are defined by the hardware Setting. This command can be used to adjust the columns of the display.

(Example)

LCD size	20 columns, 4lines
Text home address	0000H
Text area	0014H

Set 32 columns, 4 Lines

0000	0001	………	0013	0014	………	001F
0014	0015	………	0027	0028	………	0033
0028	0029	………	003B	003C	………	0047
003C	003D	………	004F	0050	………	005B

→LCD←

(4)Set Graphic Area

The display columns are defined by the hardware setting. This command can be used to adjust the columns of the graphic display.

(Example)

LCD size			20 columns, 2lines			
Graphic home address			：0000H			
Graphic are			：0014H			

Set 32 columns, 2 Lines

0000	0001	………	0013	0014	………	001F
0014	0015	………	0027	0028	………	0033
0028	0029	………	003B	003C	………	0047
003C	003D	………	004F	0050	………	005B
0050	0051	………	0063	0064	………	006F
0064	0065	………	0077	0078	………	0083
0078	0079	………	008B	008C	………	0097
008C	008D	………	009F	00A0	………	00AB
00A0	00A1	………	00B3	00B4	………	00BF
00B4	00B5	………	00C7	00C8	………	00D3
00C8	00C9	………	00DB	00DC	………	00E7
00DC	00DD	………	00EF	00F0	………	00FD
00F0	00F1	………	0103	0104	………	011F
0104	0105	………	0127	0128	………	0123
0128	0129	………	013B	0013C	………	00147
013C	013D	………	014F	0150	………	015B

|← LCD →|

If the graphic area setting is set to match the desired number of columns on the LCD, the addressing scheme will be automatically modified so that the start address of each line equals the end address of the previous line +1.

・Mode set

CODE	FUNCTION	OPERAND
1000×000	OR Mode	-
1000×001	EXOR Mode	-
1000×011	AND Mode	-
1000×100	TEXT ATTRIBUTE Mode	-
10000×××	Internal Character Generator Mode	-
10001×××	External Character Generator Mode	-

X:invalid

The display mode is defined by this command. The display mode does not change until the next

command is sent. The logical OR, EXOR, AND of text or graphic display can be displayed. In

Internal Character Generator mode, character codes 00H to 7FH are assigned to the built-in

character generator ROM. The character codes 80H to FFH are automatically assigned to the

external character generator RAM.

(Example)
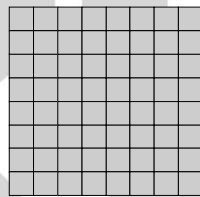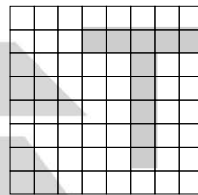
GRAPHIC   TEXT
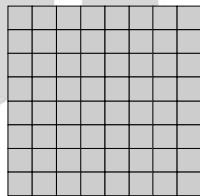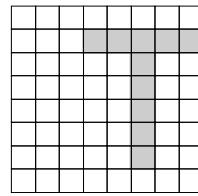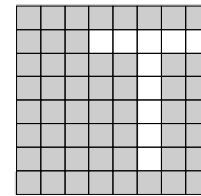
"OR"   "AND"   "TXOR"

(Note)Attribute functions can only be applied to text display, since the attribute data is placed in the
graphic RAM area.

Attribute function

The attribute operations are Reverse display, Character blink and Inhibit. The attribute data is written into the graphic area which was defined by the Set Control Word command. Only text display is possible in Attribute Function mode; graphic display is automatically disabled. However, the Display Mode command must be used to turn both Text and Graphic on in order for the Attribute function to be available.

The attribute data for each character in the text area is written to the same address in the graphic area. The Attribute function is defined as follows.

Attribute RAM 1byte

×	×	×	×	d3	d2	d1	d0

d3	d2	d1	d0	FUNCTION
0	0	0	0	Normal display
0	1	0	1	Reverse display
0	0	1	1	Inhibit display
1	0	0	0	Blink of normal display
1	1	0	1	Blink of reverse display
1	0	1	1	Blink of inhibit display

X:invalid

・Display mode

CODE	FUNCTION	OPERAND
10010000	Display off	-
1001××10	Cursor on, blink off	-
1001××11	Cursor on, blink on	-
100101××	Text on, graphic off	-
100110××	Text off, graphic on	-
100111××	Text on, graphic on	-

X:invalid

| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |

- Cursor blink   on:1, off:0
- Cursor display   on:1, off:0
- Text display   on:1, off:0
- Graphic display   on:1, off:0
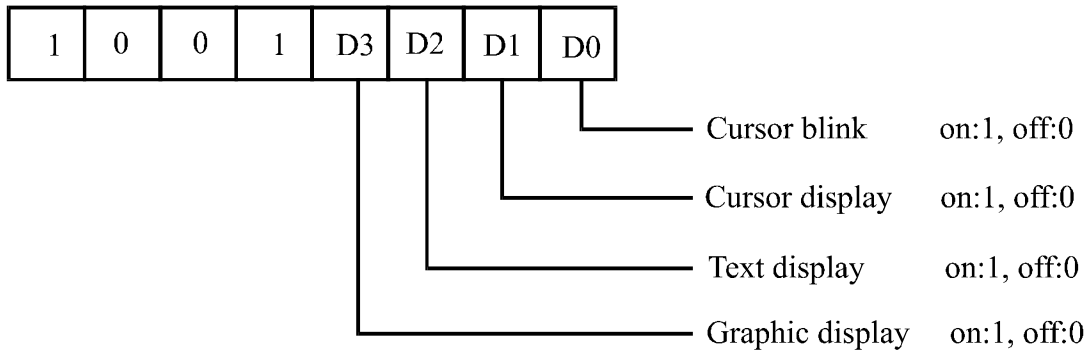
(Note)It is necessary to turn on "Text display" and "Graphic display" in the following cases.

    a)Combination of text/graphic display

    b)Attribute function

・Cursor pattern select

CODE	FUNCTION	OPERAND
10100000	1-line cursor	-
10100001	2-line cursor	-
10100010	3-line cursor	-
10100011	4-line cursor	-
10100100	5-line cursor	—
10100101	6-line cursor	-
10100110	7-line cursor	-
10100111	8-line cursor	-

When cursor display is ON, this command selects the cursor pattern in the range 1 line to 8 lines.
The cursor address is defined by the Cursor Pointer Set command.
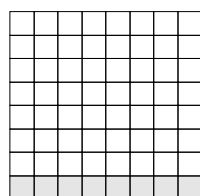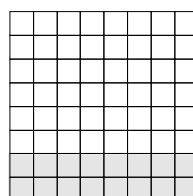
1-line cursor   2-line cursor   8-line cursor
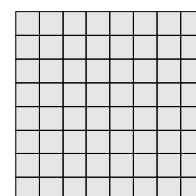
・Data Auto Read/Write

CODE	HEX.	FUNCTION	OPERAND
10110000	B0H	Set Data Auto Write	-
1011001	B1H	Set Data Auto Read	-
10110010	B2H	Auto Reset	-

The command is convenient for sending a full screen of data from the external display RAM. After setting Auto mode, a Data Write (or Read) command is need not be sent between each datum. A Data Auto Write (or Read) command must be sent after a Set Address Pointer command. After this command, the address pointer is automatically incremented by 1 after each datum. In Auto mode, the SAP1024 cannot accept any other commands.

The Auto Reset command must be sent to the SAP1024 after all data has been sent, to clear Auto mode.

(Note)A Status check for Auto mode

(STA2, STA3 should be checked between sending of each datum. Auto Reset should be

performed after checking STA3=1 (STA2=1.) Refer to the following flowchart.

a)Auto Read mode

b)Auto Write mode

```
        ╭────────────────────╮              ╭────────────────────╮
        │  Auto read start   │              │  Auto write start  │
        ╰────────────────────╯              ╰────────────────────╯
                 │                                    │
        ┌┤ Set Address Pointer ├┐          ┌┤ Set Address Pointer ├┐
                 │                                    │
        ┌┤ Status check 1 ├┐  STA0, 1      ┌┤ Status check 1 ├┐  STA0, 1
                 │                                    │
        ┌─────────────────────┐            ┌─────────────────────┐
        │   Auto read B1H     │            │   Auto read B0H     │
        └─────────────────────┘            └─────────────────────┘
                 │                                    │
        ┌┤ Status check 2 ├┐  STA2         ┌┤ Status check 2 ├┐  STA3
                 │                                    │
        ┌─────────────────────┐            ┌─────────────────────┐
        │     Data read       │            │     Data write      │
        └─────────────────────┘            └─────────────────────┘
                 │                                    │
        ┌┤ Status check 2 ├┐───┐           ┌┤ Status check 2 ├┐───┐
                 │             Repetition            │             Repetition
        ┌─────────────────────┐───┘        ┌─────────────────────┐───┘
        │     Data read       │            │     Data write      │
        └─────────────────────┘            └─────────────────────┘
                 │                                    │
        ┌┤ status check 2 ├┐               ┌┤ status check 2 ├┐
                 │                                    │
        ┌─────────────────────┐            ┌─────────────────────┐
        │  Auto reset B2H     │            │  Auto reset B2H     │
        └─────────────────────┘            └─────────────────────┘
                 │                                    │
        ╭────────────────────╮              ╭────────────────────╮
        │        END         │              │        END         │
        ╰────────────────────╯              ╰────────────────────╯
```

Set Address Pointer

Status check 1   STA0,1

Set Address data (lower 8 bits)

Status check 1

Set Address data (upper 8 bits)

Status check 1

Set Address Pointer   Send Set Address Pointer command

END

Status check 1

NO

STA0=1
STA1=1?

YES

RETURN

Status check 2

NO

STA2=1
STA3=1?

YES

RETURN

・Date Read/Write

CODE	HEX.	FUNCTION	OPERAND
11000000	C0H	Data Write and Increment ADP	Data
11000001	C1H	Data Read and Increment ADP	-
11000010	C2H	Data Write and Decrement ADP	Data
11000011	C3H	Data Read and Decrement ADP	-
11000100	C4H	Data Write and Nonvariable ADP	Data
11000101	C5H	Data Read and Nonvariable ADP	-

This command is used for writing data from the MPU to external display RAM, and reading data from external display RAM to the MPU. Data Write/Data Read should be executed after setting address using Set Address Pointer command. The address pointer can be automatically incremented or decremented using this command.

(Note)This command is necessary for each 1-byte datum.

Refer to the following flowchart.

```
        ┌──────────────────┐
        │ Data write start │
        └──────────────────┘
                 │
        ┌──────────────────┐   (Example)
        │Set Address Pointer│  Address pointer=1000H
        └──────────────────┘
                 │
        ┌──────────────────┐
        │  Status check 1  │   STA0, 1
        └──────────────────┘
                 │
        ┌──────────────────┐   (Example)
        │  Set write data  │   Data=AAH
        └──────────────────┘
                 │
        ┌──────────────────┐
        │  Status check 1  │
        └──────────────────┘
                 │
        ┌──────────────────┐   AAH is written in 1000H address.
        │  Data write C0H  │   Address pointer is 1001H.
        └──────────────────┘
                 │
        ┌──────────────────┐
        │       END        │
        └──────────────────┘
```
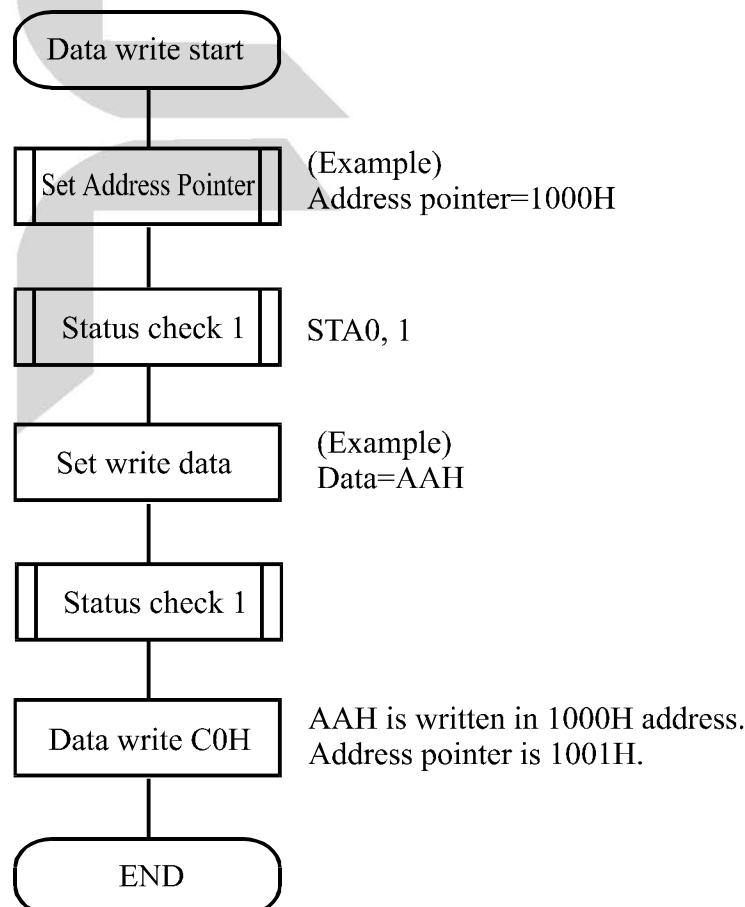
・Screen Peek

CODE	HEX.	FUNCTION	OPERAND
11100000	E0H	Screen Peek	―e

This command is used to transfer 1 byte of displayed data to the data stack; this byte can then be read from the MPU by data access. The logical combination of text and graphic display data on the LCD screen can be read by this command.

The status (STA6) should be checked just after the Screen Peek command. If the address determined by the Set Address Pointer command is not in the graphic area, this commands is ignored and a status flag (STA6) is set.

Refer to the following flowchart.

```
            ┌─────────────────────┐
            │  Screen peek start  │
            └─────────────────────┘
                      │
            ┌─────────────────────┐
            │ Set Address Pointer │
            └─────────────────────┘
                      │
            ┌─────────────────────┐
            │   Status check 1    │   STA0, 1
            └─────────────────────┘
                      │
            ┌─────────────────────┐
            │   Screen peek E0H   │
            └─────────────────────┘
                      │
              NO     ◇ (*)           (*) Status check STA6=0?
            ◄───────
                   YES │
            ┌─────────────────────┐
            │   Status check 1    │
            └─────────────────────┘
                      │
            ┌─────────────────────┐
            │     Data access     │
            └─────────────────────┘
                      │
            ┌─────────────────────┐
            │         END         │
            └─────────────────────┘
```
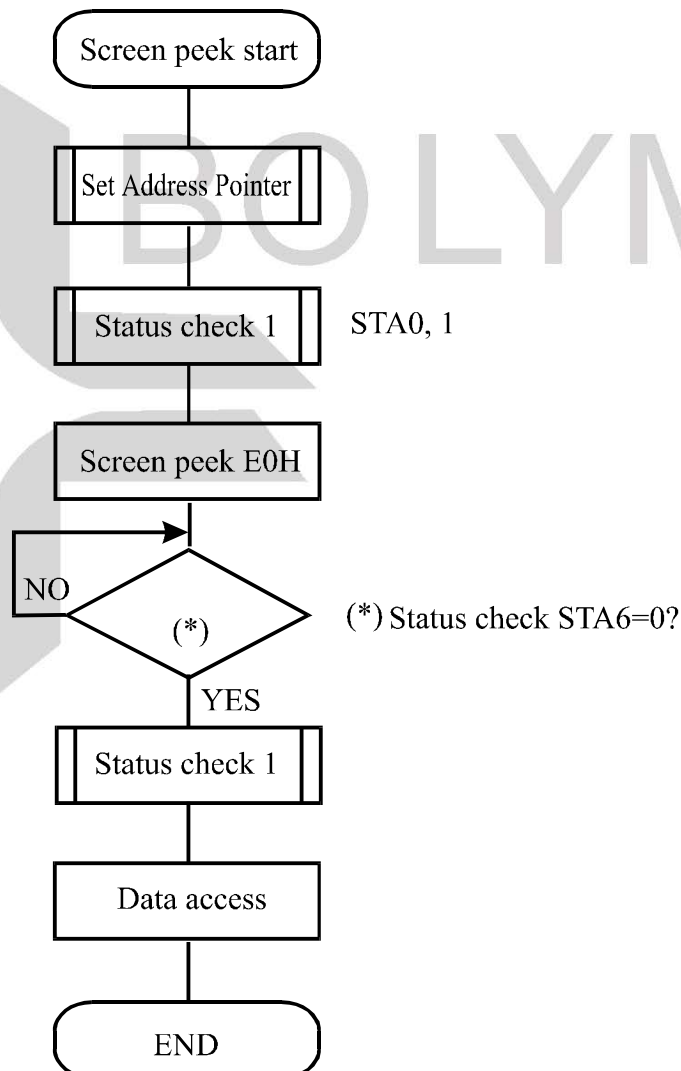
・Screen Copy

CODE	HEX.	FUNCTION	OPERAND
11101000	E8H	Screen Copy	－

This command copies a single raster line of data to the graphic area.

The start point must be set using the Set Address Pointer command.

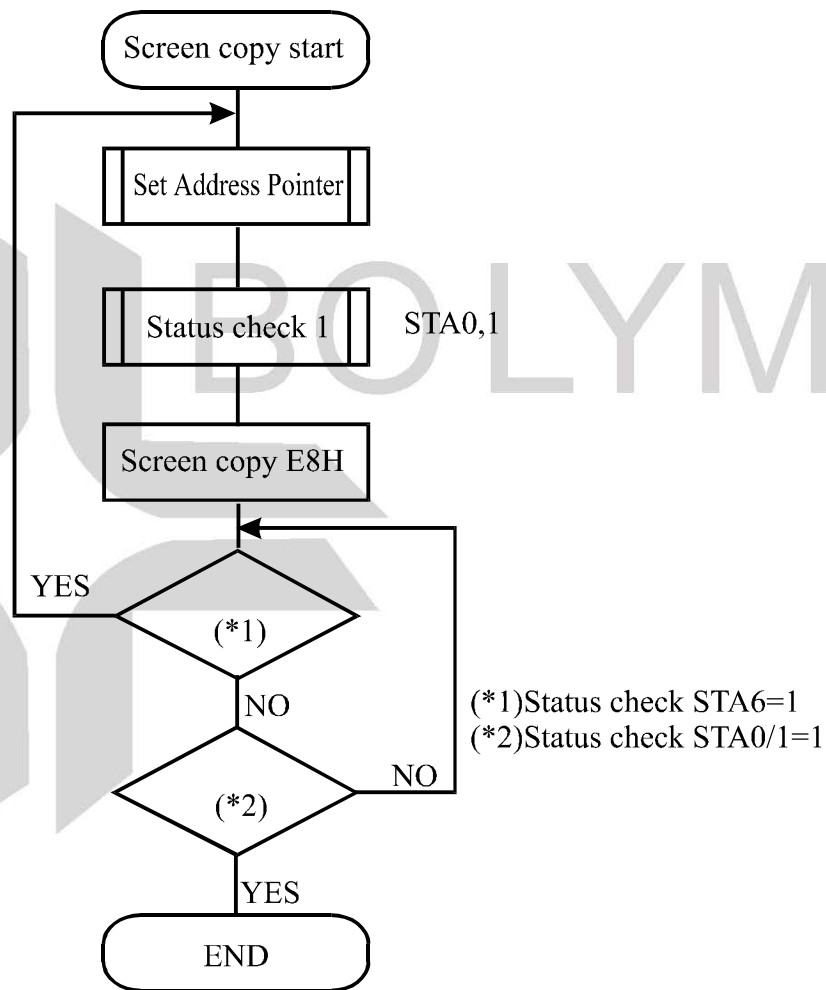(Note 1)   If the attribute function is being used, this command is not available.

(With Attribute data is graphic area data.)

Refer to the following flowchart.

```
           ┌─────────────────────┐
           │  Screen copy start  │
           └──────────┬──────────┘
                      │
        ┌────────────►│
        │  ┌──────────┴──────────┐
        │  │ Set Address Pointer │
        │  └──────────┬──────────┘
        │             │
        │  ┌──────────┴──────────┐
        │  │   Status check 1    │   STA0,1
        │  └──────────┬──────────┘
        │             │
        │  ┌──────────┴──────────┐
        │  │   Screen copy E8H   │
        │  └──────────┬──────────┘
        │             │
        │        ┌────▼────┐
   YES  │       ╱           ╲
        └──────◄    (*1)     ►─────┐
                ╲           ╱      │
                 └────┬────┘       │
                   NO │            │
                 ┌────▼────┐       │
                ╱           ╲  NO  │
               ◄    (*2)     ►─────┘
                ╲           ╱
                 └────┬────┘
                  YES │
           ┌──────────▼──────────┐
           │        END          │
           └─────────────────────┘
```

(*1)Status check STA6=1
(*2)Status check STA0/1=1

・Bit Set/Reset

CODE	FUNCTION	OPERAND
11110×××	Bit Reset	-
11111×××	Bit Set	-
1111×000	Bit 0 (LSB)	-
1111×001	Bit 1	-
1111×010	Bit 2	-
1111×011	Bit 3	-
1111×100	Bit 4	-
1111×101	Bit 5	-
1111×110	Bit 6	-
1111×111	Bit 7 (MSB)	-

X:invalid

This command use to set or reset a bit of the byte specified by the address pointer.
Only one bit can be set/reset at a time.
Refer to the following flowchart.

Bit Set/Reset

Set Address Pointer

Status check 1   STA0,1

Set write data

Status check 1

Bit Set (reset)

END
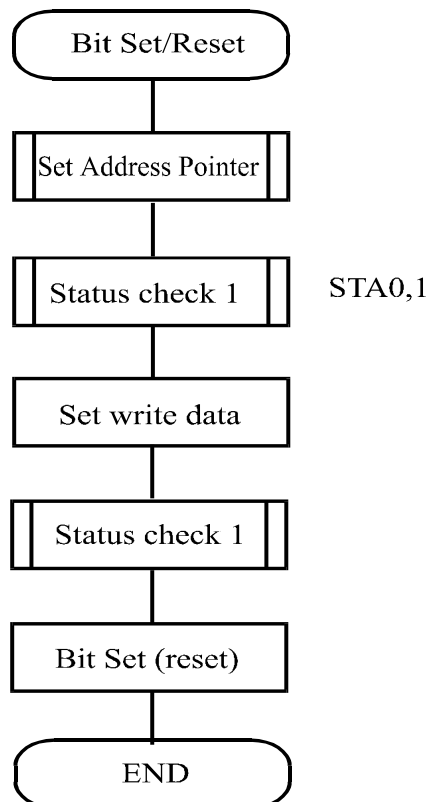
12.2.3 Character code

Upper 4 bit / Lower 4 bit	LLLL	LLLH	LLHL	LLHH	LHLL	LHLH	LHHL	LHHH
LLLL			@	P	`	p		
LLLH	!	1	A	Q	a	q		
LLHL	"	2	B	R	b	r		
LLHH	#	3	C	S	c	s		
LHLL	$	4	D	T	d	t		
LHLH	%	5	E	U	e	u		
LHHL	&	6	F	V	f	v		
LHHH	'	7	G	W	g	w		
HLLL	(	8	H	X	h	x		
HLLH	)	9	I	Y	i	y		
HLHL	*	:	J	Z	j	z		
HLHH	+	;	K	[	k	{		
HHLL	,	<	L	\	l	|		
HHLH	-	=	M	]	m	}		
HHHL	.	>	N	^	n	~		
HHHH	/	?	O	_	o			

12.2.4 Timing characteristics

Bus Timing (Vss= 0 V , Vdd = 5 V)

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
C/D Set-up Time	t_{CDS}	100	-	-	ns
C/D Hold Time	t_{CDH}	10	-	-	ns
CE,RD,WR Pulse Width	t_{CDS}, t_{RD}, t_{WR}	80	-	-	ns
Data Set-up Time	t_{DS}	80	-	-	ns
Data Hold Time	t_{DH}	40	-	-	ns
Access Time	t_{ACC}	-	-	150	ns
Output Hold Time	t_{OH}	10	-	50	ns